Ei数据库在文献调研中的应用 及英文期刊投稿指南













Elsevier的历史及传承

科学研究流程

Ei数据库

英文期刊投稿指南



Elsevier的历史与传承

Our History and Heritage

Take a look at some more of the key moments of Elsevier's history by clicking the dates on the timeline.

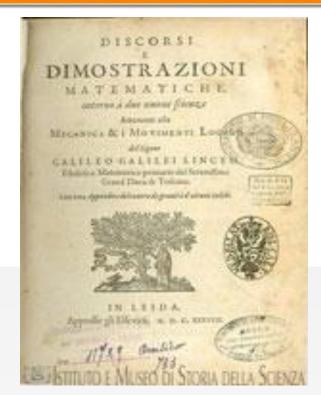
1580

1620 1880 1930 1940 1947 1970 1991 1993 1997 2001 2004 2008 2012 2013 2015

- The name of our company is derived from an older and independent company, the House of Elzevir.
- The House of Elzevir was a publishing business founded in the Nederlands in 1580 by Lowys Elsevir, but ceased business in 1712.

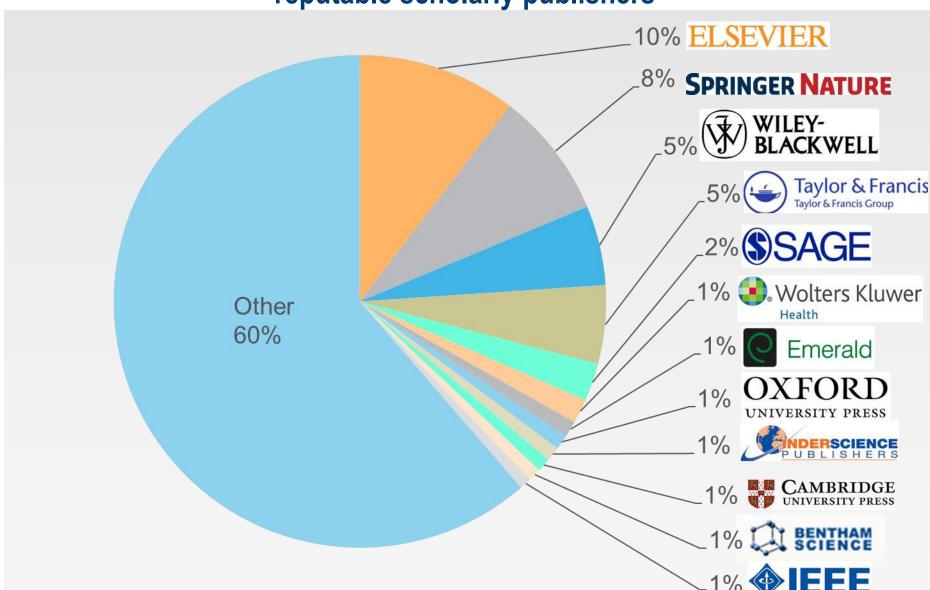
Elsevier的名字来自于一家古老而独立的出版机构

Elzavir出版机构始建于1580年荷兰,但于1712年曾中止过一次服务。





Unbiased, comprehensive journal coverage with titles from many reputable scholarly publishers



Source: November 2015 title list at https://www.elsevier.com/solutions/scopus/content



爱思唯尔拥有世界最好的期刊



























































































































2016: No.1 in 76 categories out of 234* 2015: No.1 in 71 categories out of 235 2014: No.1 in 62 categories out of 232

^{*} Includes one book series Advances in Organometallic Chemistry Source: Thomson Reuters Journal Citation Reports 2015



从"内容"到"内容 + 技术"的创新变革。Elsevier通过与中国科研机构的科研单位、 图书馆、规划办公室以及相关组织合作,提供面向需求的精准科技服务



PLATFORMS

Over the last 50 years the majority of Noble Laureates have published with Elsevier Founded over 130 years ago

Employ over 7,000 employees in 24 countries

Published over **360,000 articles** in 2014

Received over 1.1 million submissions in 2014 Work with over 30 million Scientists, students, health & information professionals

Over **55 million** items indexed by Scopus





Elsevier的历史及传承

Ei数据库概览

Ei数据库详解

英文期刊投稿指南



数据库分类及选择标准

・分类:

- 全文型:存储内容为各类原始文献的信息。又称一次文献数据库。如: Elsevier SD、中国知网
- 书目型:存储描述如目录、题录、文摘等书目线索的数据库,又称二次文献数据库。为用户指出获取原始信息的线索。如: El Compendex、SCIE
- 数据、事实型:存储内容来源于百科全书、名录、词典、手册、年鉴和统计资料等参考工具书。如: Knovel, Reaxys等

・标准:

- 广和全的专业覆盖面
- 高质量的检索系统
- 内容的更新速度
- 数据库的权威性
- 利用检索平台实现跨库检索



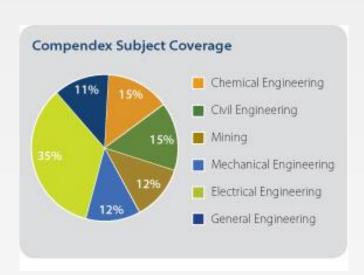
Engineering Village接口与收录内容

- 由美国Elsevier Engineering Information Inc. 所出版,提供工程领域的信息
- EV 平台接口下 内涵各种多元数据库:
 - Compendex(其中Compendex回溯期刊需另购)
 - INSPEC (需另购)
 - NTIS (需另购)
 - Referex Engineering 电子书 (需另购)
 - GeoBASE (需另购)
 - GeoRef (需另购)
 - EnCompassLIT & EnCompassPAT (需另购) Chimica&CBNB (需另购)
 - PaperChem (需另购)
 - USPTO / EPO专利 (需另购)
 - Scirus



Compendex

- 收录年代: 1970年至今
- 3,600多种、期刊、商业杂志、和技术报告资料
- 80000多种工程研讨会会议记录
- 资料量: 超过 1800 万篇, 每年新增约 100万篇资料
- 包含 190 种工程领域学科,如:**化学工程、土木工程、矿业工程、** 机械工程、电子工程、一般工程
- 收录超过55个国家的出版品,其中中文期刊200余种。
- 更新频率:每周
- 回溯期刊: 1884年-1969年





信息在工程领域的使用-常见问题解答

科研

合作 & 社交

整合&分析



检索、发现、阅读、评审实验

教学

授课&布置作业

批改作业和评分



课程设计

分享支持工具

- 什么是最新的趋势和技术?
- 研究之前有做过吗?
- 我有哪些新的研究机会?
- 我的同行在做什么?
- 我如何写一个成功地投资提案?
- 我如何监控我的竞争对手?
- 如何找到我的合作伙伴?
- 如何快速获取我不熟悉领域的背景知识?

- 我如何让学生参与/感兴趣?
- 我如何确保学生使用可信的信息来源?
- 我如何教导学生写一篇成功的研究论文?
- 我如何教导学生解决实际的开放式问题?
- 我如何为我的学生准备工作场所?



实例 - Engineering Village的使用

- 分析论文发表情况以及科研创新表现
- 支持科研创新
 - 探索研究方案、研究领域
 - 寻找合作对象、机构、地点
 - 研究刊物和会议以发表工作成果
- 培养工程人才
 - 开展课程指导学生如何有效检索所需资料
 - 用书籍、书目章节教学基础知识,将新生引入工程世界
 - 用跨出版社行业准则对高年级本科生、研究生指导特定工程研究 领域的必要知识
 - 与企业对接
 - 博士学位论文: 学术界研究现状
 - 会议论文: 最新研究进展



文献收集重点-文献调研阶段

确定主题后的泛调研

收集该领域的综述文献、博士学位论文; 重点利用本领域经典或综述文集数据库

重点阅读**英文综述**或研究论文 标题、摘要:了解**前沿、难点、 创新点**、并收集**关键词**

确定**研究题目**=实验室研究背 景+当前研究热点+自身兴趣点

确定题目后的精调研

有针对性的收集文献,重点在于 **确定内容**;利用数据库的**分析功 能**,查找主要的研究者和机构

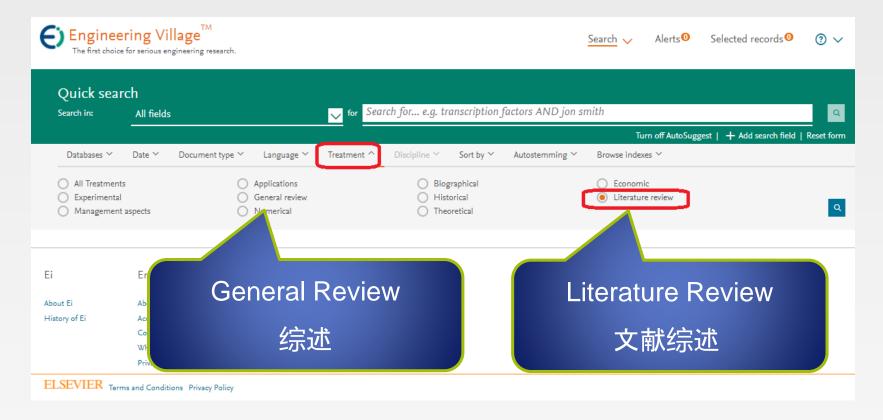
文献阅读-泛读和精读相结合

确定课题实施方案(技术和方法 的创新)



先看综述性论文, 再看研究论文。

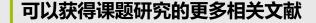
- · 特点:综合性、扼要性和评价性,参考文献多。
- ・ 应作为"起步文献"加以参考利用。

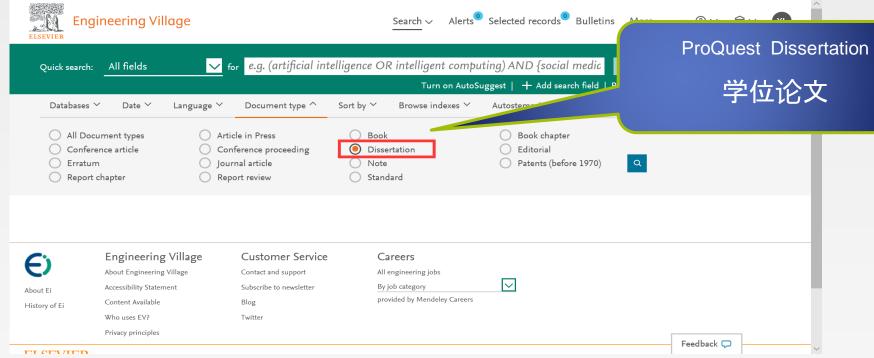




注重学位论文的检索和阅读

- ・(1) 数据图表充分详尽
- ・(2) 参考文献丰富全面
- · (3) 可得到课题研究现状综述
- ・ ⑷ 可跟踪名校导师的科研进程
- ・(5) 学习学位论文的写作方法

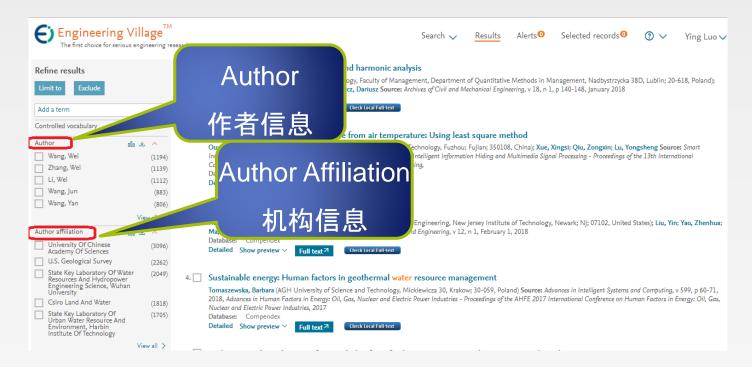






阅读本领域的主要研究者/机构的文献

- ・如何知道主要的研究者/机构?
- 利用数据库的分析功能获得。
- 通过本领作者发文量或重要国际会议中的特邀报告人信息获得。



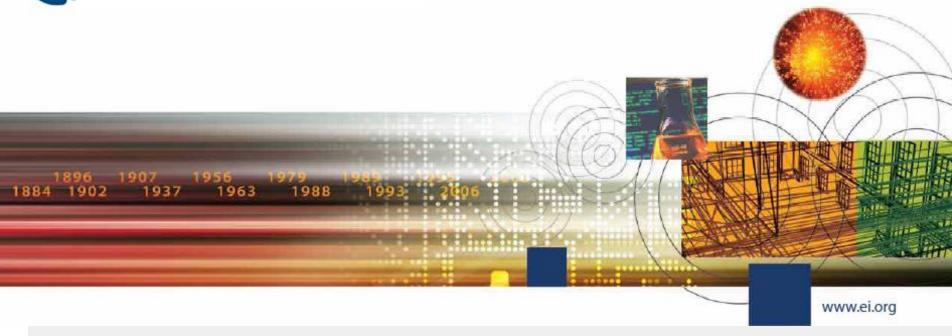


阅读高被引次数的文献

• 被引次数是判断一篇论文是否有影响力(价值)的一种比较直观和比较有效的方法。







检索方式

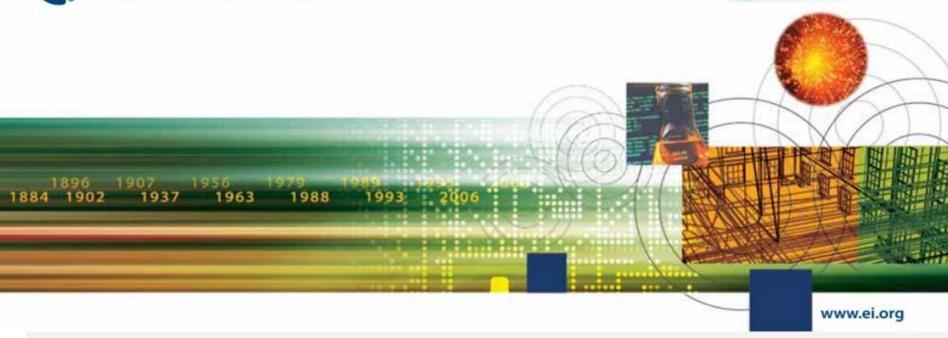
- •Quick Search 快速检索
- •Expert Search 专家检索
- •Thesaurus search 词库检索







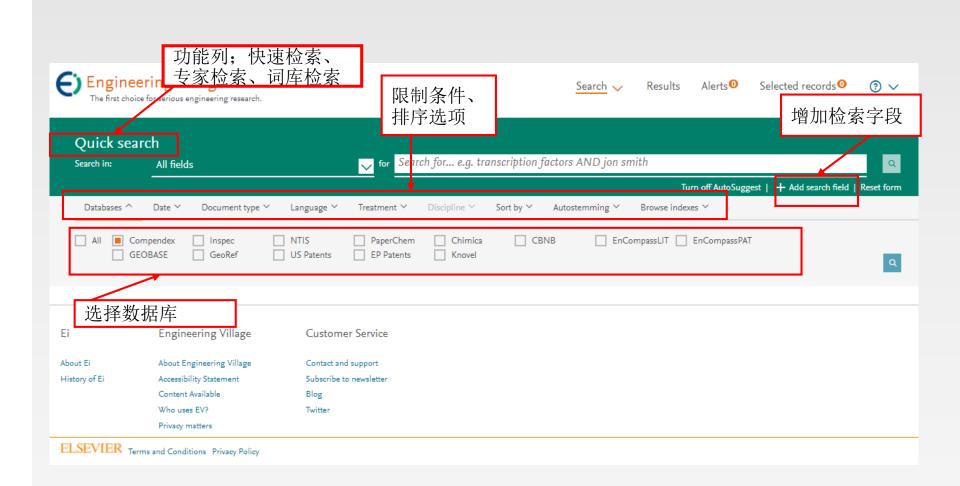
Quick Search - 快速检索



Quick Search – 快速检索



页面介绍

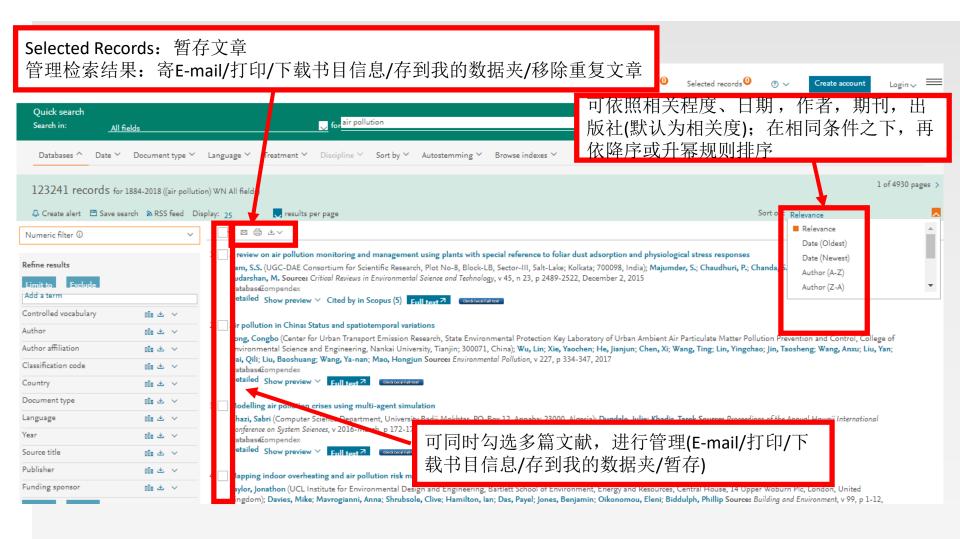








结果页面 - 2





文献内容: 详细格式

Authors: 点选作者名字找到更多该作者发表的文章

Author affiliation:每位作者的所属

机构

E-mail: 主要作者联络信息

ISSN: 找到更多关于这本期刊的文

章

Corresponding Author: 通讯作者

Abstract: 文章内容摘要

Main heading: 主要主题

Controlled term: 索引词汇标准

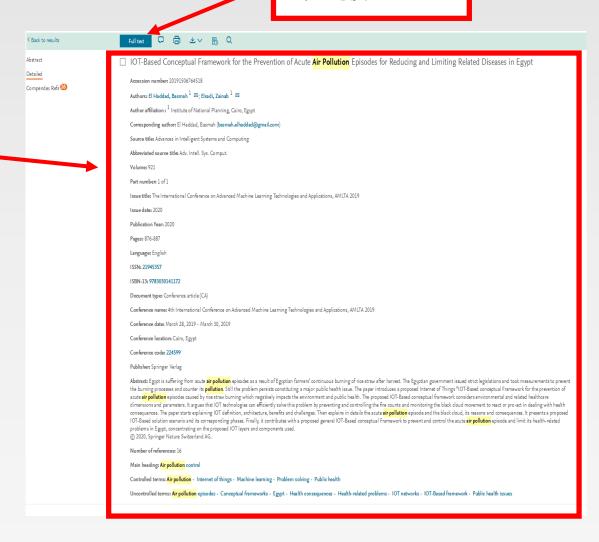
Uncontrolled term: 相关主题的广

义分类

Classification code: 在来源中其它

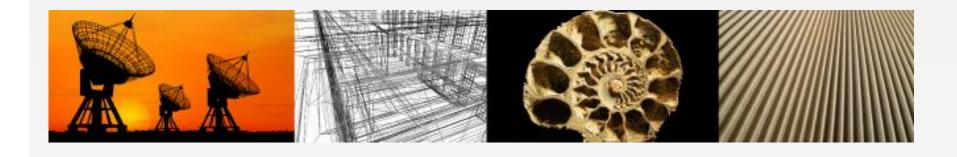
附加优势的字汇和词组

全文链接



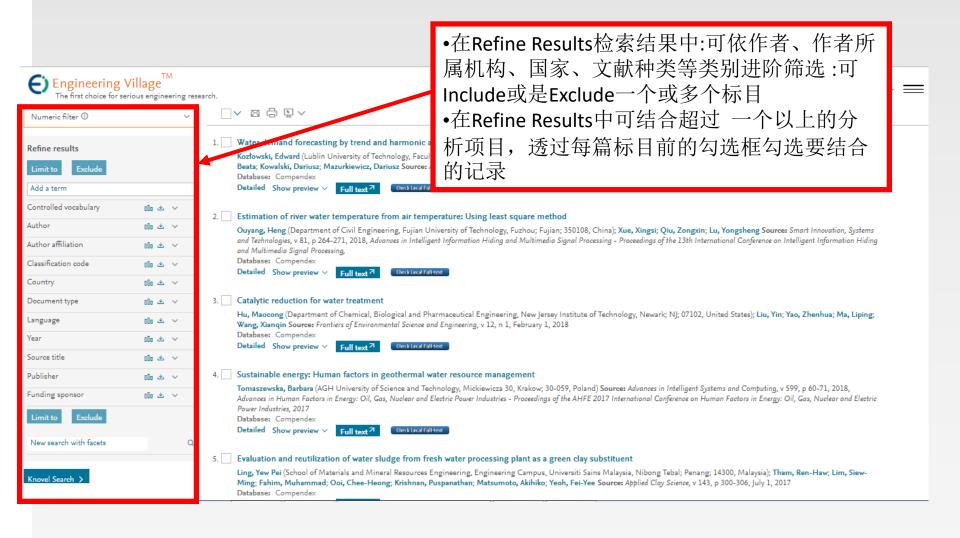


结果中再检索





Refine Result 结果再检索



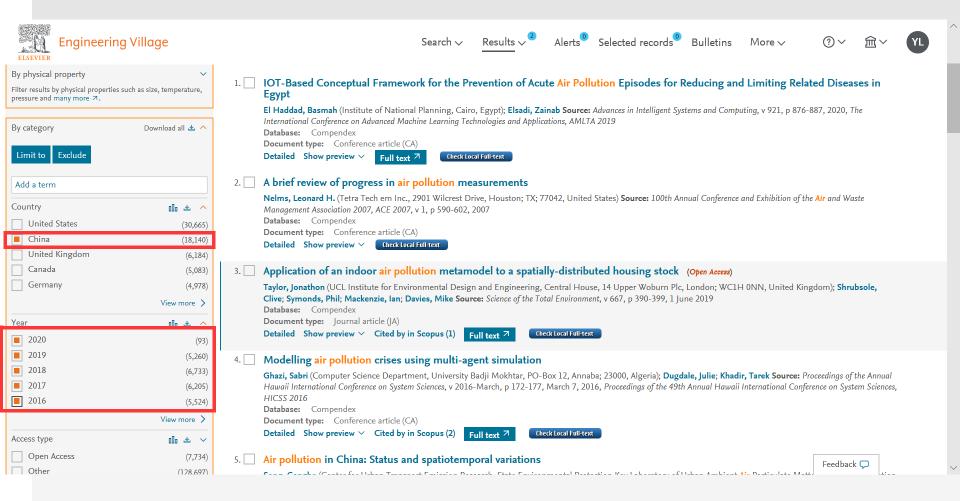


分析功能

控制词汇		作者		作者机构		学科分类		
Controlled vo	cabulary 000	<u>* ^</u>	Author	00o ± ^	Author affiliation [University Of Chinese Academy	0s & ^ (3096)	Classification code	OO & ^
Water		(76175)	Wang, Wei	(1194)	Of Sciences U.S. Geological Survey	(2262)	Chemical Products Generally	(305324)
Mathema	atical Models	(72140)	Zhang, Wei	(1139)	State Key Laboratory Of Water Resources And Hydropower	(2049)	Chemical Operations	(284168)
Compute	er Simulation	(57816)	Li, Wei	(1112)	Engineering Science, Wuhan University		Organic Compounds	(258893)
Soils		(53764)	Wang, Jun	(883)	Csiro Land And Water	(1818)	Chemical Reactions	(228331)
Water Qu	uality	(48305)	Wang, Yan	(806)	State Key Laboratory Of Urban Water Resource And Environment, Harbin Institute	(1705)	Chemistry	(185796)
		View all >		View all >	Of Technology	22 20		View all >
						View all >		,
国家		文献类型		原文语言		年		
Country	, , , ,	On 也 ^	Document type	00 ± ^			Year	00 ± ^
United	_	(300214)				00 ± ^	2018	(269)
China	States	(268704)	Journal article	(1171538)	☐ English	(1508046)	2017	(64800)
Η.		, ,	Conference article	(397495)	Chinese	(74904)	2016	, ,
☐ Japan	V:I	(85354)	Dissertation	(18684)	German	(18953)		(94832)
= -	Kingdom	(67054)	Article in Press	(7993)	Russian	(13839)	2015	(92476)
German	ıy	(65020)	Conference proceeding	(7739)	Japanese	(10762)	2014	(97399)
		View all >		View all >		View all >		View all >
-	刊源		出版社		赞助机构	J		
Source title	00	<u>* ^</u>	Publisher	olo 🕹 🔨	Funding sponsor	00o 🕹 🔨		
	cience And Technology	(21535)	Elsevier Ltd	(144352)	National Natural Science Foundation of China	(16140)		
Theses G		(18684)	Elsevier	(121944)	National Science Foundation	(2324)		
Water Re		(16333)	American Chemical Society	(67892)	Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council Canada	of (1002)		
	d Materials Research ings Of Spie - The	(14270) (14068)	Institute Of Electrical And Electronics Engineers Inc.	(26782)	National Research Foundation	(842)		
	onal Society For Optical		Springer Verlag	(25231)	of Korea U.S. Department of Energy	(826)		
		View all >		View all >		View all >		

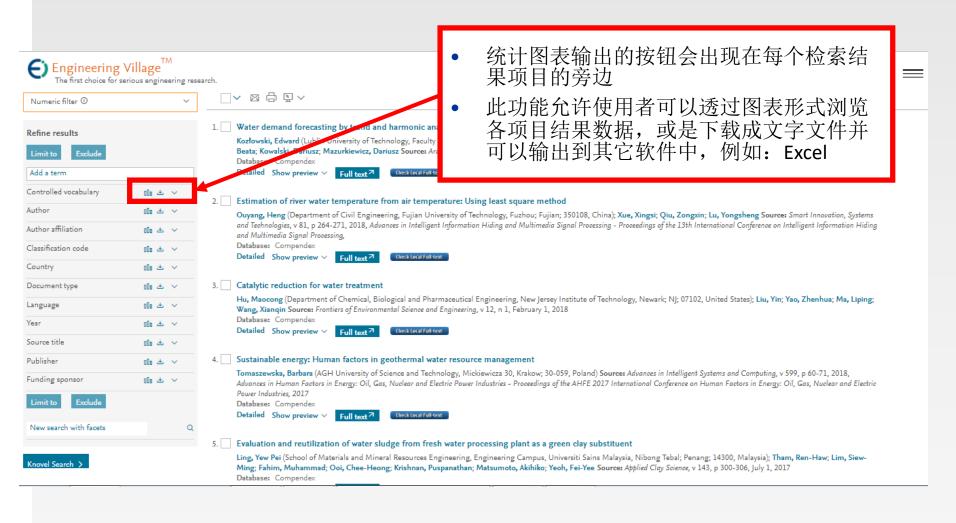


举例:只关注'中国'近5年的'air pollution'的研究





Refine Results Graphs & Export

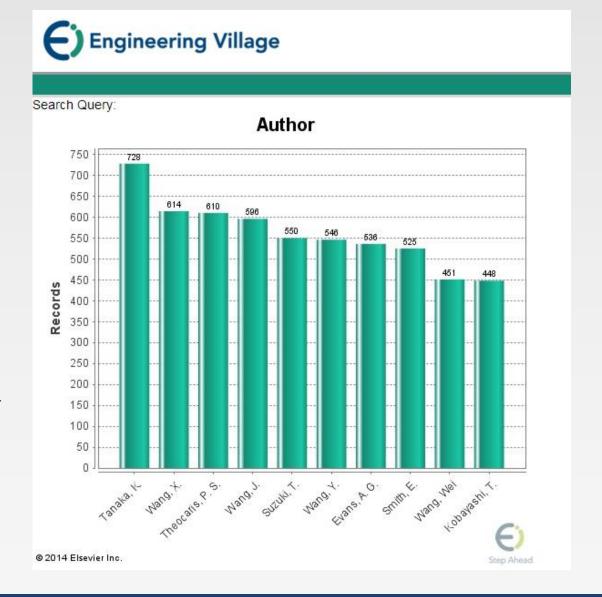




Refine Results Graphs & Export

当点选 图表,会开启一个新窗口看到在各分析项目中前10篇结果的图片。

• 例如: 右图呈现该 检索主题各国家的 学者所发表的文献 数量!并可将此图片 存盘、打印、或是 Email。

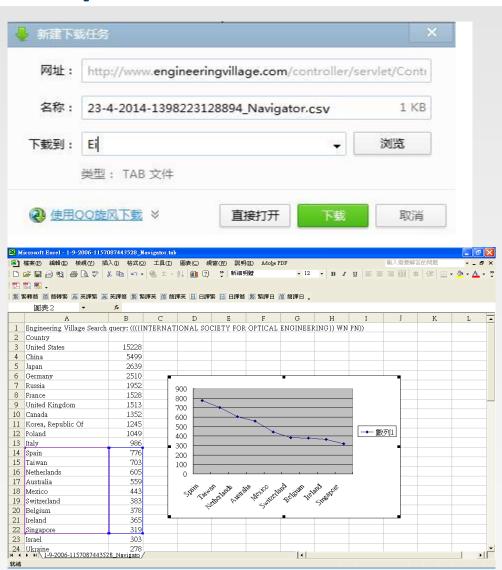




Refine Results Graphs & Export

• 点选 图标可以 让您将图表输出 成tab档案

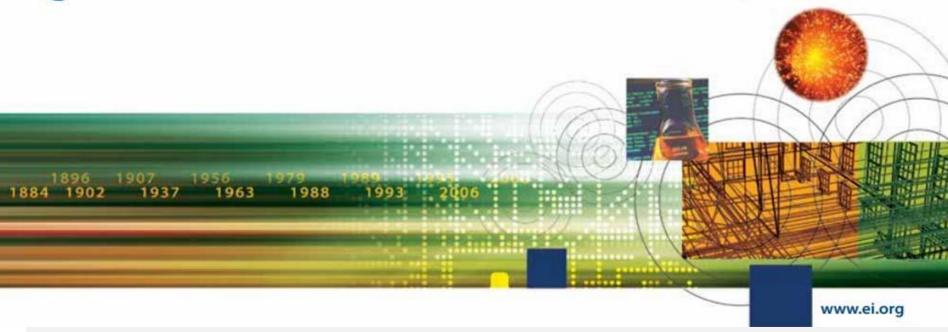
· 您也可以将输出 的档案以Excel软 件开启分析管理







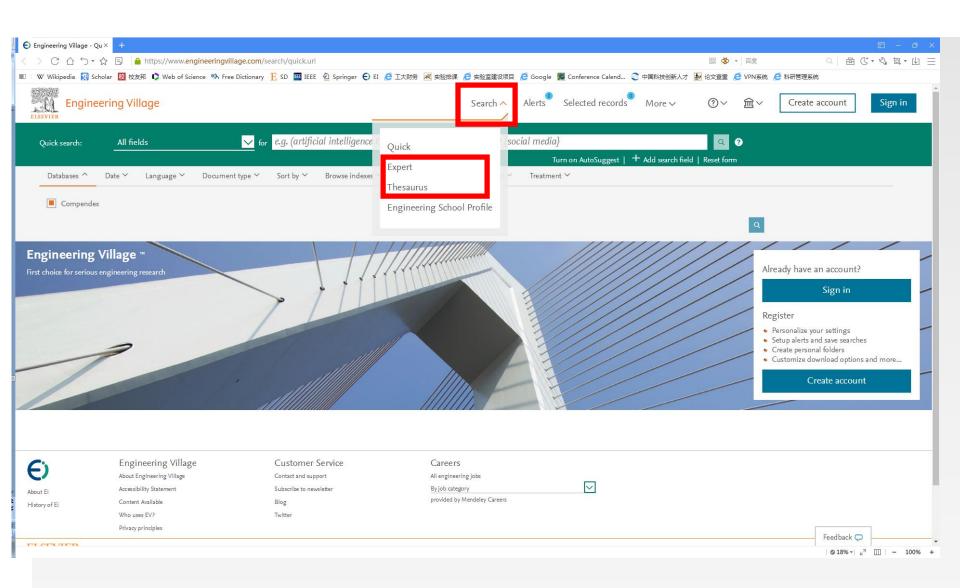
Expert Search - 专家检索



Expert Search - 专家检索

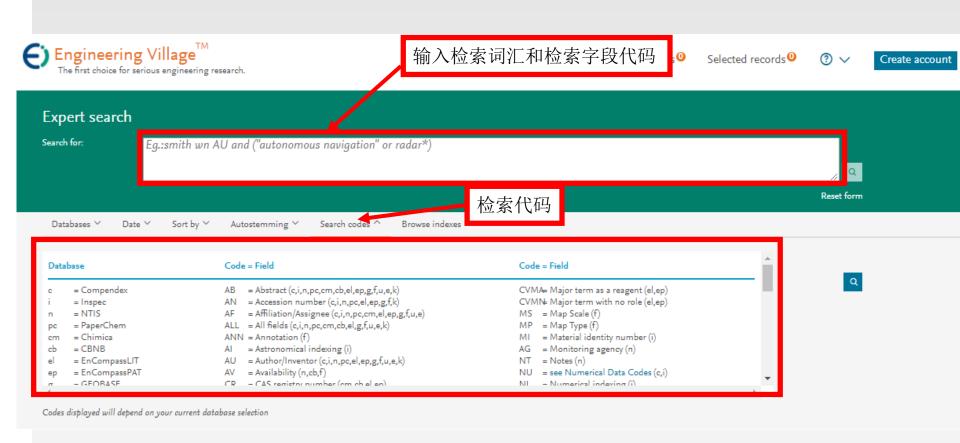








Expert Search - 专家检索





通配符

- *右截词-命中检索词起始部分相同的记录
- Learn* 命中learn, learns, learning, learned, learnt, learner(s), learner's, learnability, learnable
- ? 有限截词-问号个数代表字符数
- Wom?n 命中woman, women
- \$词根运算符等价于Auto stemming功能
- \$ manage 命中 manage, managing, managed, manager,
- managers, management, managements.



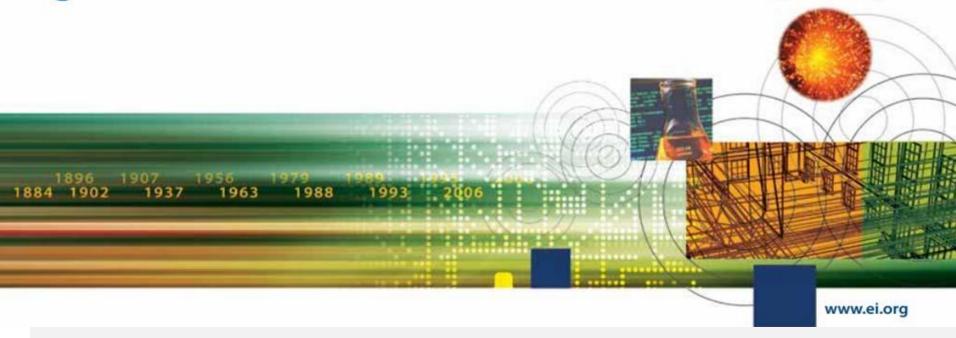
位置算符

- 词组检索""或{}词间不能插词,词序不能颠倒
- · "International Space Station"命中包含有词组 "International Space Station"的记录
- 词组检索不能使用通配符与字根符
- Onear/n- 两个词之间可插入0 n个词,词序不能颠倒,如
- Distance Onear/3 learning
- Near/n- 两个词之间可插入0 n个词,词序可以颠倒,如
- Distance near/3 learning





Thesaurus Search - 词库检索



Thesaurus Search - 词库检索





提高主题检索效率的方法 (准且全)

- ・从文中选词检索易漏检或误检
 - 一个概念有多种表示 <mark>导致漏检</mark> (如heavy water,也叫 Deuterium oxide-检索时需要收集同义词,费时麻烦且易漏检)
 - •一个词可以表示多个概念 <mark>导致误检</mark> (cell 细胞、电池 Cell wn ti, 检出的文献中有solar cell, tumor cells等)
- · EI的解决方案: 对文献进行主题标引
 - 做到标引词与概念——对应,
 - ·标引词来源于词表,故EI的标引词也称为受控词



叙词表的作用

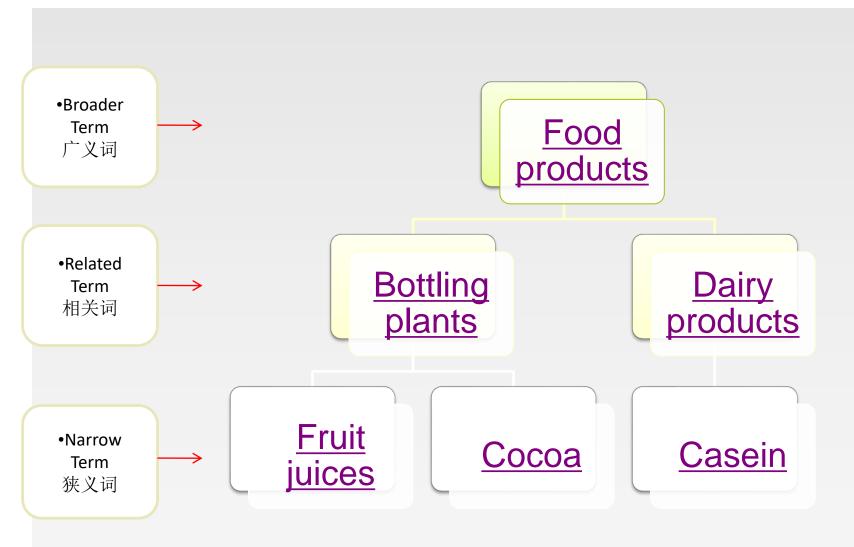
- ・ 叙词表是由专业的规范词组成,它可以将同一主题不同表述的词,按主题内容规范在标准的专业词下,避免了由于词汇书写不同造成漏检,或词义概念混淆导致错检的问题。
- ・用户利用叙词表可从主题角度检索文献,进而提高文献的查准率。
- · 利用叙词表还可以从主题概念的角度扩展或缩小检索范围。
 - ・控制词汇
 - ○不使用其他的术语
 - ・毎年更新
 - 词汇工作组和索引工作人员决定变化
 - 叙词表新版本
 - ・具体范围标记
 - 。 受控词的信息

・分面层次

- 。分面: 按类别分组
- 。层次: 上位类/下位类
- ・自动显示的款目
 - 。 有信心检索专属性的任一层次
- ・相互参照
 - ○引导用户使用有效款目



THESAURUS词库-Beverages(饮料)





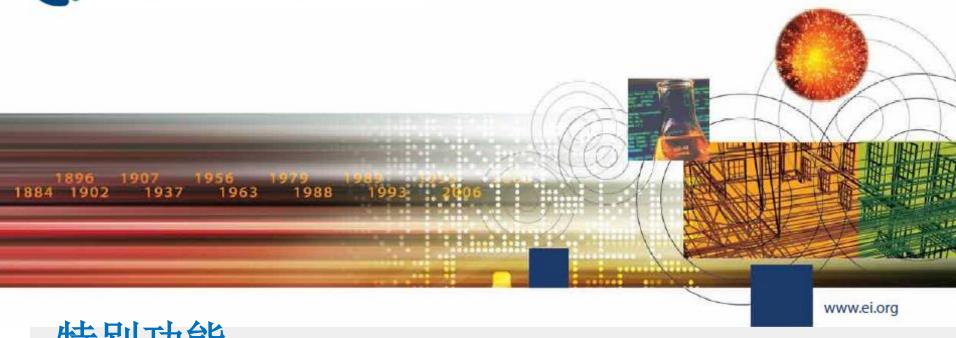
用EI叙词表选词

点击 "Thesaurus",打开叙词表,输入关键词,点击 "Search Index",系统显示与之相应的叙词,勾选后,系统将所选的叙词调入检索框。

	arch Compendex Inspec GeoRef C				
earch in: - Exact term	Exact term	or Climate Change			Search index
limate Change					
] Climate change 🗉			Selected term(s) >	Climatology	× OR
roader terms Climatology	Related terms Air pollution Atmospheric composition Atmospheric temperature Climate models	Narrower terms Global warming Greenhouse effect		Greenhouse effect	×



Compendex



特别功能

- ·数值检索
- ·工科院校Ei档案
- ·检索历史





数值检索-来自数值数据的更多信息

Comparison of geotechnical properties from large-diameter long cores and borings in deep water Gulf of Mexico

Abstract: Large-diameter long piston cores (Jumbo Piston Corer, JPC) and Large-diameter Gravity Cores (LGC) were taken immediately adjacent to previously drilled geotechnical borings at three floating platform sites: Auger, Jolliet, and Marlin. This task was included as part of a more comprehensive NSF program on seabed processes in the deep water Gulf of Mexico. Sediment properties measured included bulk density, magnetic susceptibility, compression wave velocity, vane shear strength, and unconsolidated-undrained triaxial strength. A comprehensive geotechnical-testing program confirms the samples are high quality and shear strengths within the 63-ft core depth were comparable to the results of tests on the geotechnical borings. The exception occurred when gassy deposits were encountered. The use of the LGC and Multi-Sensor Core Logger (MSCL) in conjunction with the JPC proved to be valuable in assessing the quality and continuity of the piston cores. At the Auger and Marlin sites, there was good agreement between the sediment properties obtained from the borings and cores over the cored depth of 63 ft. At the Jolliet site, the values of strength obtained from the core in the upper 10 to 20-ft. were considerably higher than those obtained from the nearby boring. With modifications, the long coring system can be extended to take 100-ft samples. The use of large-diameter piston and gravity cores can provide an economical alternative to traditional borings for the design of shallow foundations for subsea completions, pipelines, suction caissons, and identification of geohazards.

Controlled terms: Core drilling - Density (specific gravity - Geotechnical engineering - Hazards - Magnetic susceptibility - Mooring - Offshore pipelines - Petroleum geology - Production platforms - Sediments - Shear strength

Uncontrolled terms: Compress on wave velocity - Geotechnical properties - Large diameter long piston cores - Sensor core logger

Classification code: 481.1 Geology - 483.2 Foundations - 511.1 Oil Field Production Operations - 674.2 Marine Drilling Rigs and Platforms - 701.2 Magnetism: Basic Concepts and Phenomena 931.2 Physical Production of Gases, Liquids and Solids

Numerical data indexing Size 1.92e+01m, Size 3.05e+00m to 6.10e+00m Size 3.05e+01m

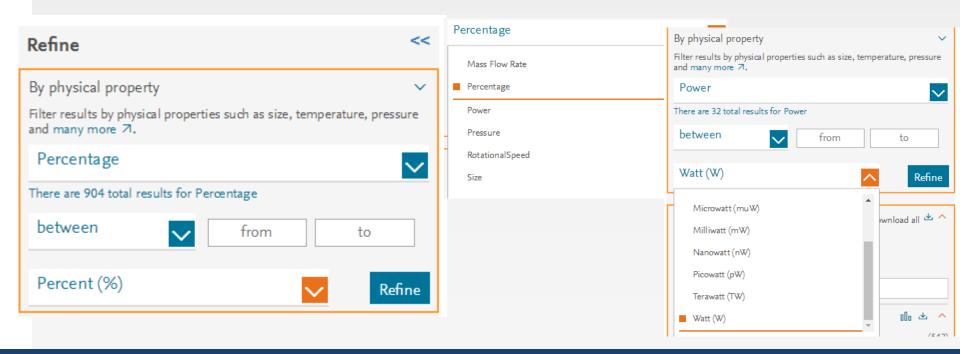




数值检索

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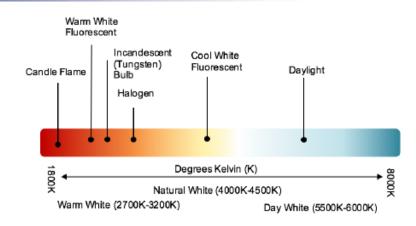
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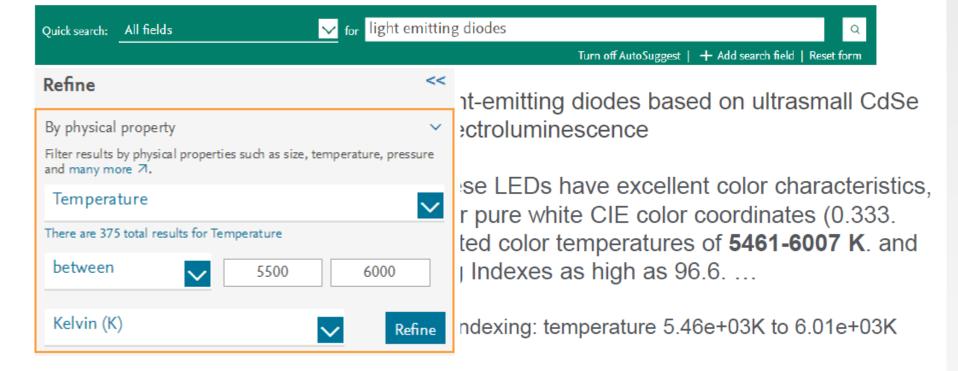




实例: LED灯泡的研发

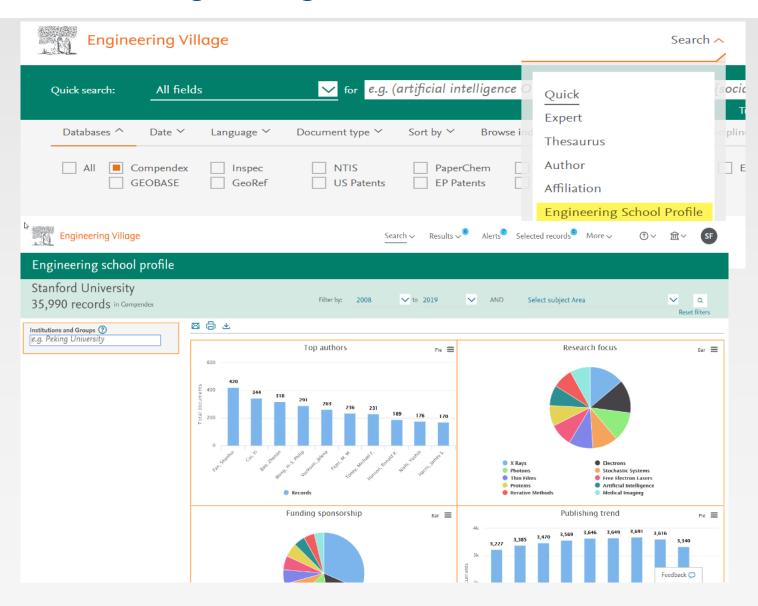
工程师参与一个LED灯泡的研发项目。 该工程师需要开发日照白的LED灯泡, 由于色彩取决于灯泡的温度,因此该 工程师在EV上进行了基于温度的搜索。







工科院校Ei档案 Engineering School Profile





工科院校Ei档案

综合基金、研究重点和综合情况做出基于数据的科学决策

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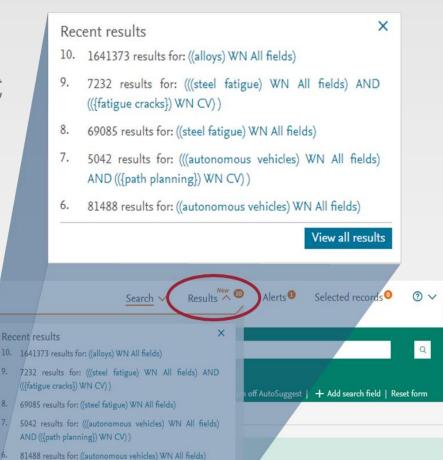


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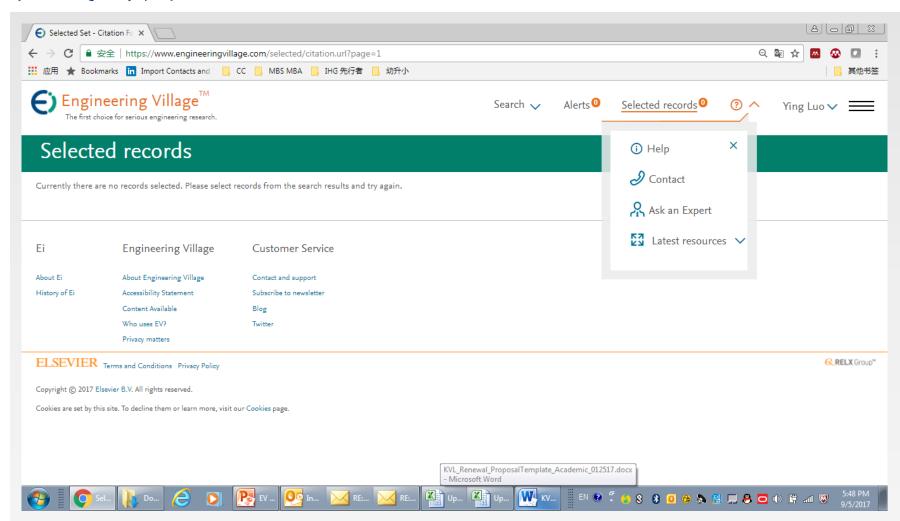
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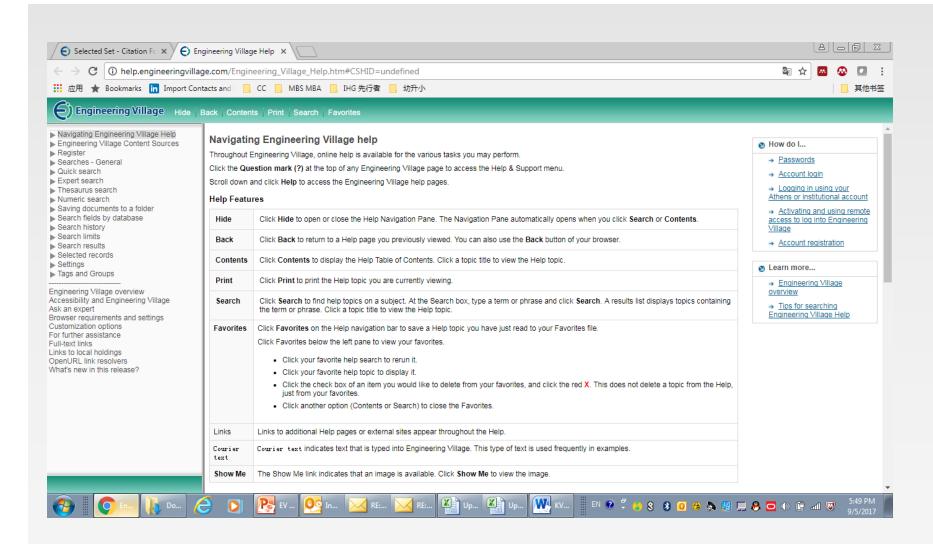


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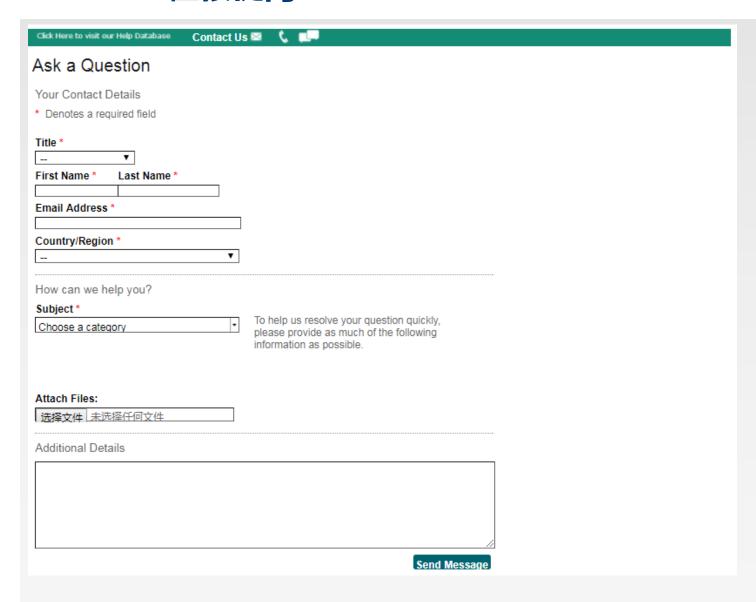


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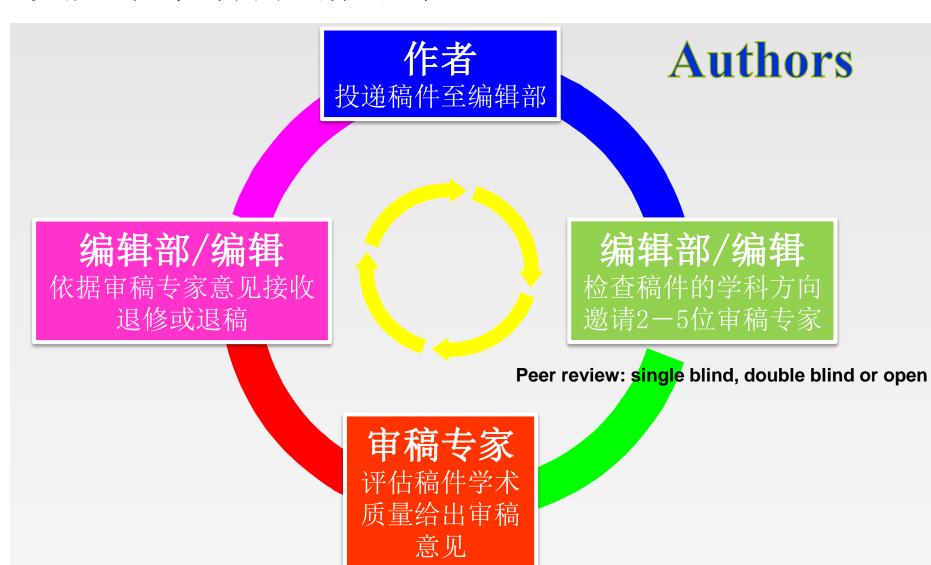


提要

- 1. 英文学术期刊出版流程
- 2. 写作、投稿常识 & 提高稿件接受率的一些技巧
- 3. EES投稿平台及使用



1.英文学术期刊出版流程





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- ✓ The Guide for Authors
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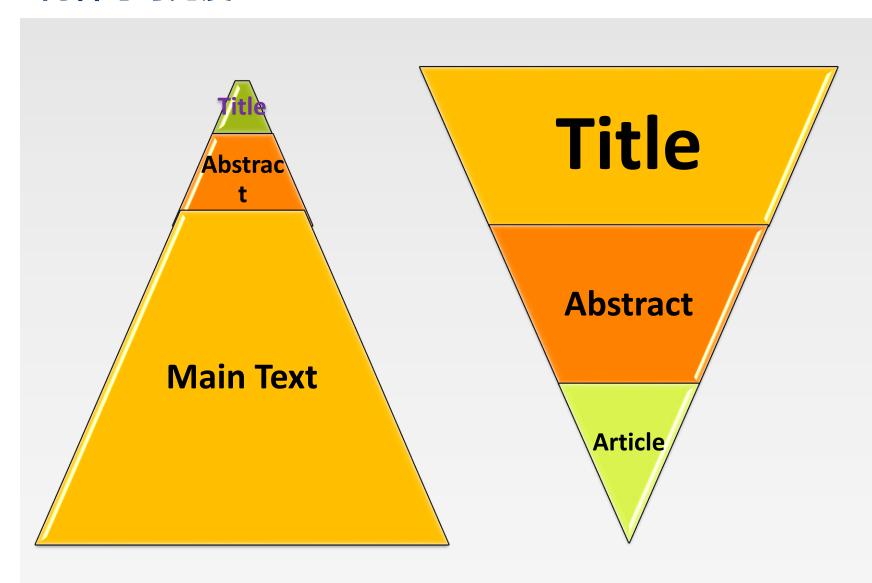


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Section	Purpose		
Title	Clearly describes contents		
Authors	Ensures recognition for the writer/s		
Abstract	Describes succinctly what was done		
Keywords	Ensures the article is correctly identified in abstracting and indexing services		
Main text			
Introduction	Explains the hypothesis		
Methods	Explains how the data were collected		
Results	Describes what was discovered		
Discussion	Discusses the implications of the findings		
Acknowledgments	Ensures those who helped in the research are recognized		
References	Ensures previously published work is recognized		
Supplementary material	Provides supplementary data for the expert reader		

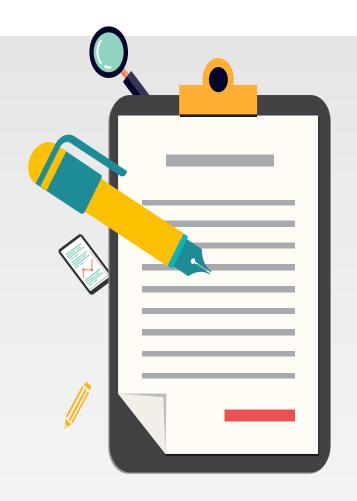


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通讯作者

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摘要





全面扼要

摘要部分应该使用简明扼要且有说服力 的语言提出研究动机、阐明研究贡献及 展示研究成果



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简介



- **3**
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提供一个简单的研究背景概述

问题

明确提出你所关注的问题

研究现状

明确提出现有的解决方案 及局限性

价值体现

阐明还有那些工作值得去完成的 明确地提出一个与本期刊研究方向相关 的观点



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- By what 明确阐述你研究中所使用到的设备、仪器、 材料等
- Do Not 不要去描述已被发表的方法步骤,直接引用 或使用它们



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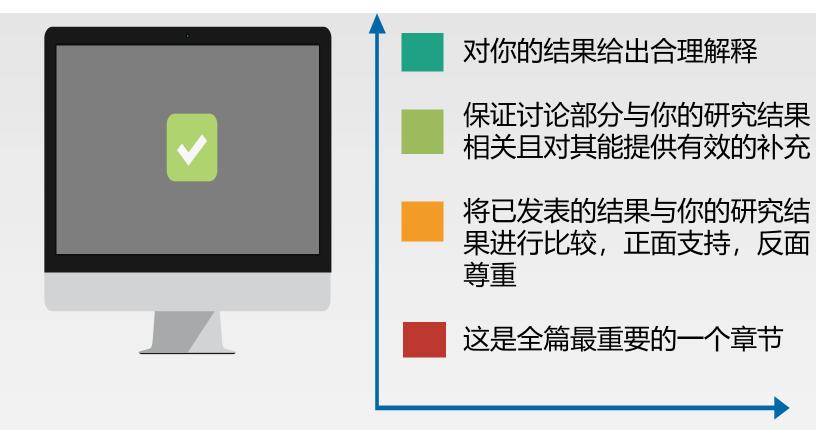
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结论

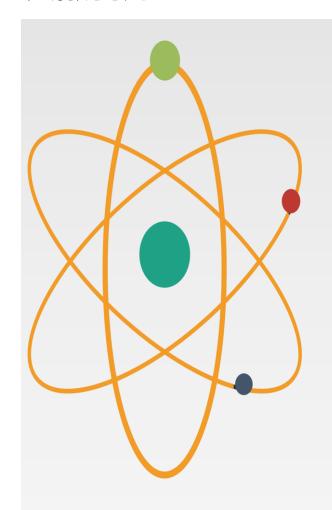




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Professor H. D. Schmidt School of Science and Engineering Northeast State University College Park, MI 10000 USA



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Dear Professor Schmidt,

Enclosed with this letter you will felectronic submission of a manuscript entitled "Mechano-sorptive creep compressive loading – a micromechanical model" by John Smith and mys This is an original paper which has neither previously nor simultaneously whole or in part been submitted anywhere else. Both authors have read and approved the final version submitted.

Mechano-sorptive is sometimes denoted as accelerated creep. It has been experimentally observed that the creep of paper accelerates if it is subjected to a cyclic moisture content. This is of large practical importance for the paper industry. The present manuscript describes a micromechanical model on the fibre network level that is able to capture the experimentally observed behaviour. In particular, the difference between mechano-sorptive creep in tensi and compression is analysed. John Smith is a PhD-student who within a year will be a part of that thesis.

Three potential independent reviewers who have ex this paper are:

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Sincerely

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A. Professor



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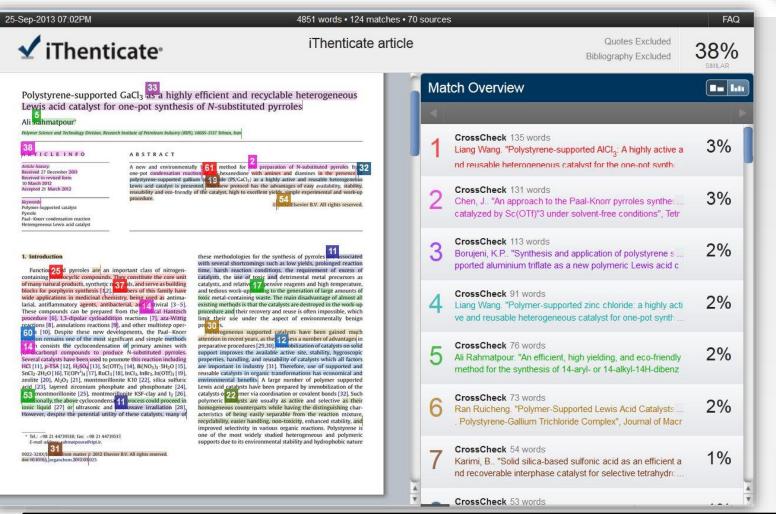
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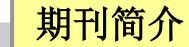
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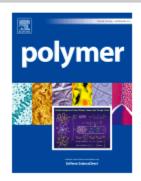


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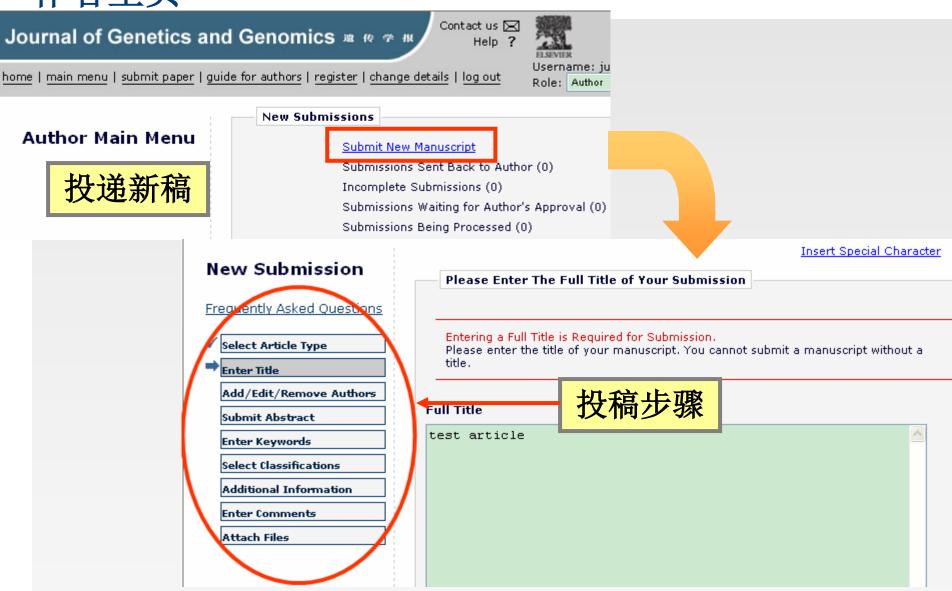
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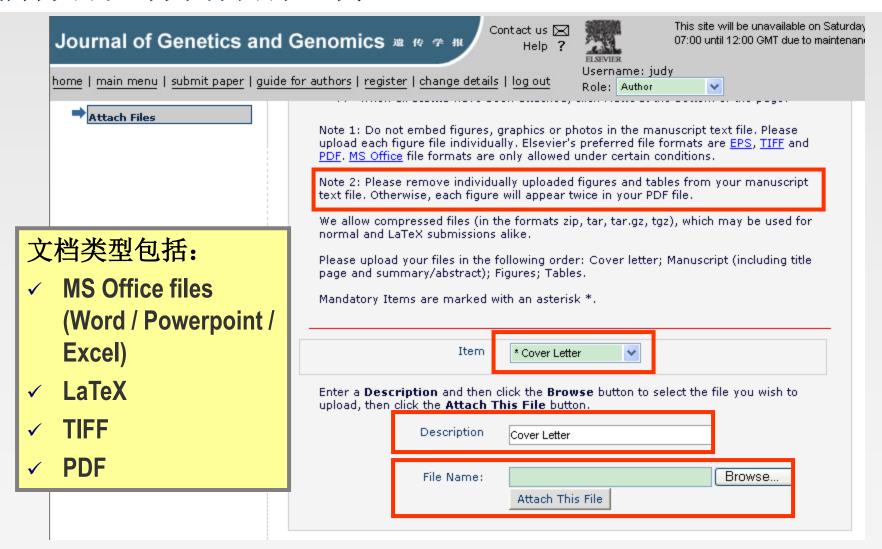


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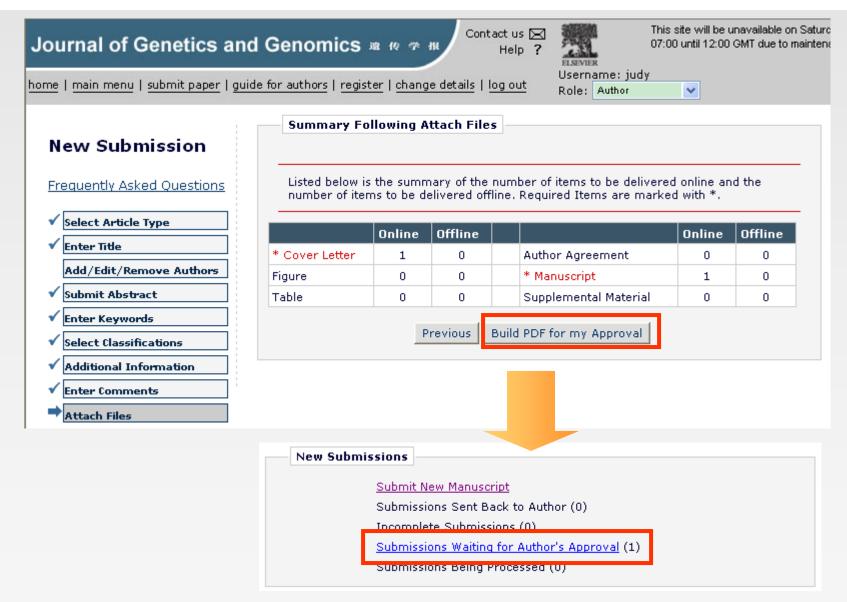


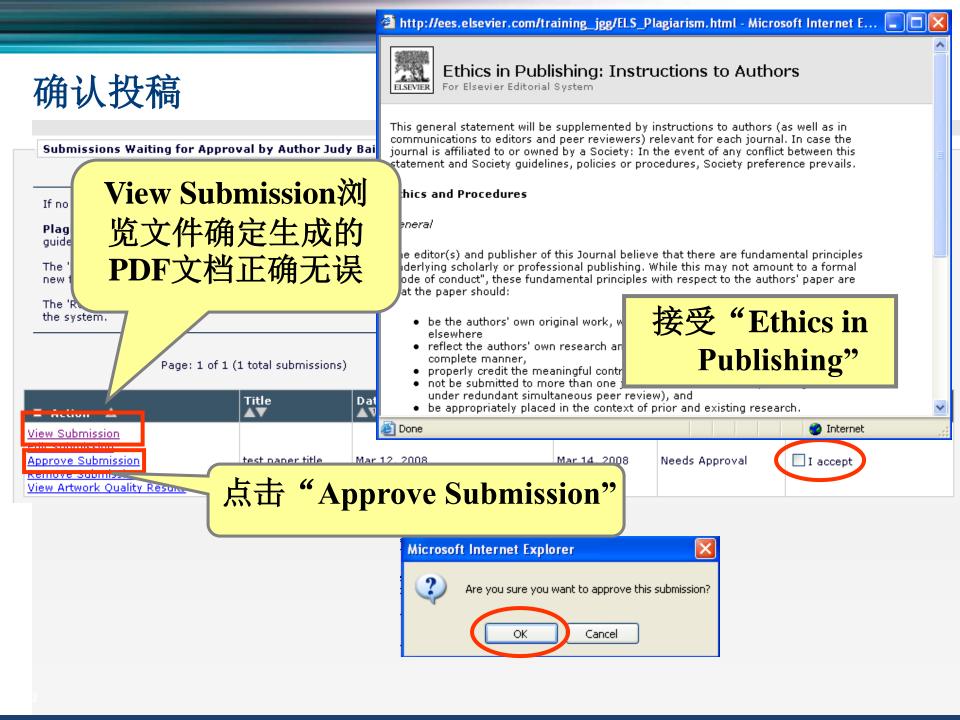
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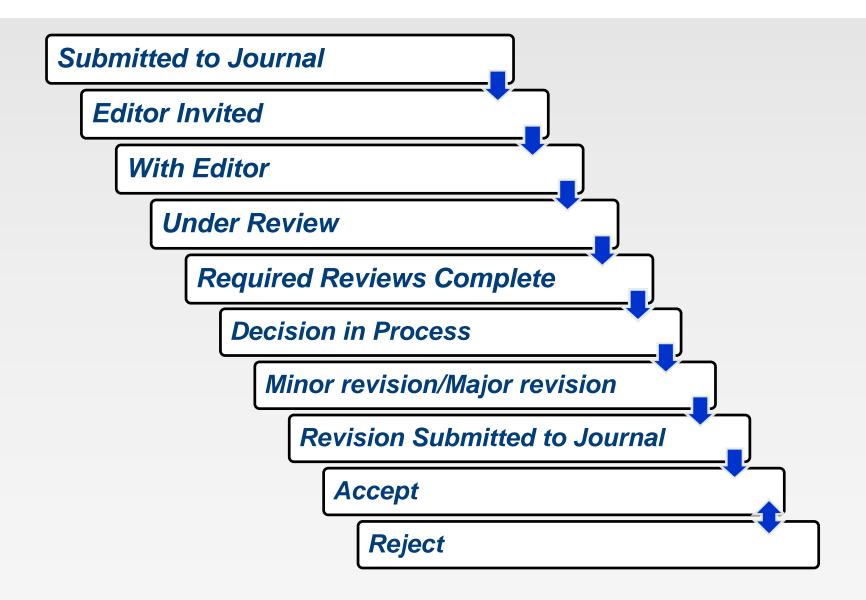


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